



higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE (VOCATIONAL)

NOVEMBER 2011

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY
(Second Paper)

NQF LEVEL 2

9 NOVEMBER 2011

Symbol	Explanation
M	Method
MA	Method with accuracy
CA	Consistent accuracy
A	Accuracy
C	Conversion
S	Simplification
RT/RG/RD/RM	Reading from a table/graph/drawing/document/map
F	Choosing correct formula
SF	Substitution in formula
R/J	Reasoning / Justification
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off etc.
R	Rounding off

This marking guideline consists of 8 pages.



QUESTION 1 [35]

	Question	Solution	Explanation
1.1	1.1.1	Female 22 years old ✓✓	2 A (2)
	1.1.2	21 years old ✓✓	2 RT (2)
	1.1.3	23 years old ✓✓	2 RT (2)
1.2	1.2.1	$\frac{20}{100} \times \frac{R19750}{1} \checkmark$ $= \frac{R395000}{100}$ $= R3\ 950,00 \checkmark$	1 M calculation for deposit 1 A (full marks for answer only) (2)
	1.2.2	<p><u>Calculate instalments for 6 months:</u></p> $= R3\ 192,92 \times 6 \checkmark$ $= R19\ 157,52 \checkmark$ <p>Total amount paid = 6 Instalments + Deposit paid:</p> $= R19\ 157,52 + R3\ 950,00 \checkmark$ $= R23\ 107,52 \checkmark$ <p>Or</p> $R3\ 950 + (R3\ 192,92 \times 6)$ $= R3\ 950,00 + R19\ 157,52 \checkmark$ $= R23\ 107,52 \checkmark$	<p><u>Calculate instalments for 6 months:</u></p> 1 M × 6 1 A R19 157,52
	1.2.3	$= R23\ 107,52 - R19\ 750,00 \checkmark$ $= R3\ 357,52 \checkmark$	(carry forward answer 1.2.2) 1 M subtraction 1 CA (2)
	1.2.4	$\frac{3357,52}{19750} \times \frac{100}{1} \checkmark$ $= \frac{335752}{19750} \checkmark$ $= 17\% \checkmark$	(carry forward answer 1.2.3) 1 M 1 CA 1 A Have to work towards 17%. No marks if student works with 17%. (3)



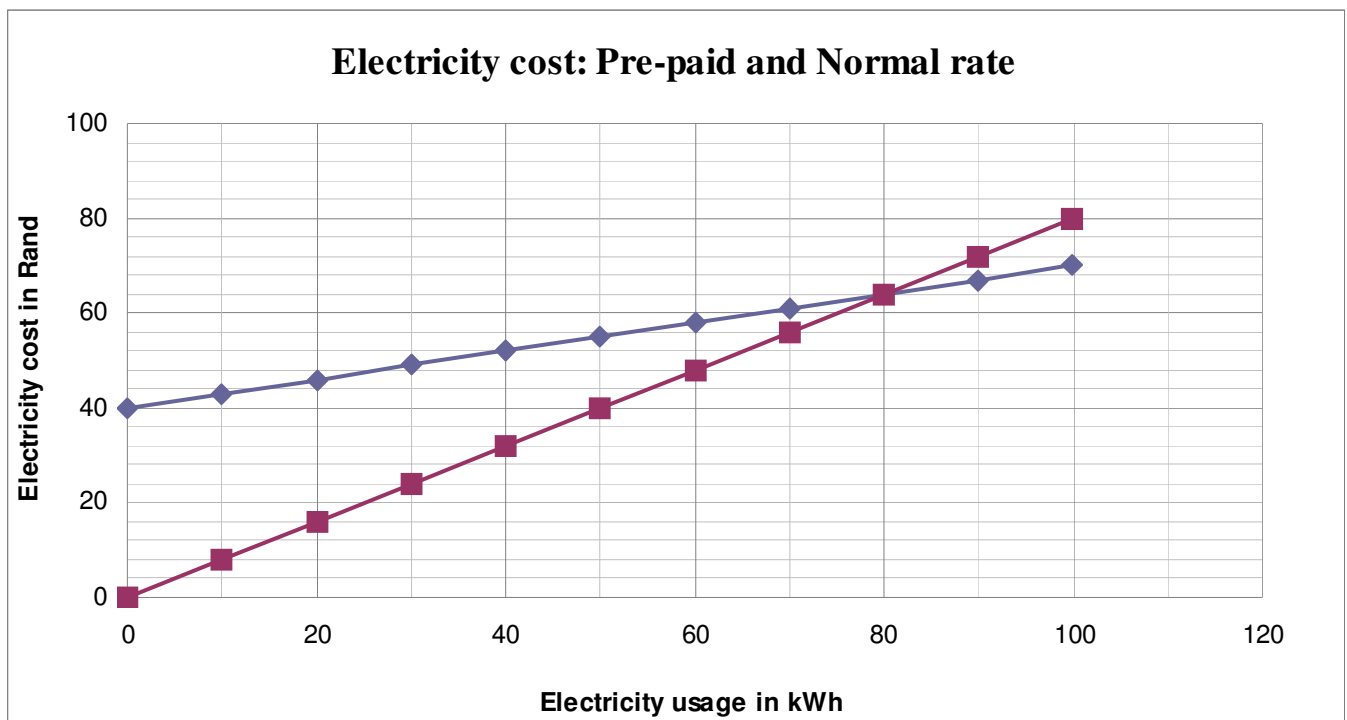
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1.3	1.3.1	<p>Volume of rect. block = $10,5 \times 8,2 \times 0,2$ ✓ $= 17,22 \text{ m}^3$ ✓</p> <p>Volume of hole = $3,14 \times 3^2 \times 0,2$ ✓ $= 5,652 \text{ m}^3$ ✓</p> <p>Total volume = $17,22 - 5,652$ ✓ $= 11,568 \text{ m}^3$ $= 11,6 \text{ m}^3$ ✓</p>	<p><u>Calculate volume:</u> 1 SF 1 A and unit. No mark if unit is wrong or omitted. 1 SF 1 A</p> <p>1 Subtraction 1 A, approximated to first dec. (6)</p>
	1.3.2	$R 120 \times 6$ ✓ = $R 720$ ✓	<p>1 M 1 A (2)</p>
1.4	1.4.1	17 cents ✓	<p>1 A (1)</p>
	1.4.2	65 cents ✓	<p>1 A (1)</p>
	1.4.3	<p>7 minutes \times 17 cents / minute ✓ = 119 cents (R1 = 100 cents) =R1.19 ✓</p>	<p>1 M 1 A (R or cent) (2)</p>
	1.4.4	<p>7 minutes \times 38 cents / minute ✓ = 266 cents (R1 = 100 cents) = R2.66 ✓</p>	<p>1 M 1 A (Rand or cent) (2)</p>
	1.4.5	<p>$R 2,66 - R 1,19$ ✓ = $R 1,47$ ✓</p>	<p>1 M 1 CA (Carry forward 1.4.3 and 1.4.4) (2)</p>
	1.4.6	<p>$\frac{147}{17}$ ✓ = 8,65 minutes ✓</p>	<p>1 M 1 CA (Carry forward 1.4.5) (If units are different, 1 mark for dividing by 17) (2) [35]</p>



QUESTION 2 [15]

Question	Solution	Explanation
2.1.(a)	$a = R40 + R0,30 \times 10 = R43 \checkmark$	3 A (3)
(b)	$b = R32 \div R0,80 = 40 \checkmark$	
(c)	$c = R0,80 \times 80 = R64 \checkmark$	
2.2	2.2.1 $\checkmark \quad \checkmark$ Cost = $R0,80 \times \text{kWh}$	2 A correct formula Accept any variable instead of kWh (2)
	2.2.2 $\checkmark \quad \checkmark \quad \checkmark$ Cost = $R40,00 + R0,30 \times \text{kWh}$	3 A correct formula Accept any variable instead of kWh (3)
2.3	Cost for 257,3 kWh : Cost = $R40,00 + R0,30 \times 257,3 \checkmark$ Cost = $R40,00 + R77,19 \checkmark$ Cost = $R117,19 \checkmark$	(Carry forward 2.2.2) 1 SF 1 M 1 CA correct answer (3)
2.4	1 A Plotting points and producing a straight line. 1 A beginning and (0; 0) 1 A ending point (100; 80) 2 A other points	No mark if points not plotted Construct line graph Carry forward 2.1 (5)



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2.5	2.5.1	Prepaid ✓ Line beneath normal rate therefore cheaper ✓	1 A choice 1 R/J The reason must refer to the graph or making use of the equation. (2)
	2.5.2	Normal Rate ✓ Line beneath prepaid rate therefore cheaper ✓	1 A choice 1 R/J (2) [20]

QUESTION 3 [15]

Question	Solution	Explanation
3.1	R2 500.00 ✓ ✓	2 RT (2)
3.2	She deposited the income form the December /January , Christmas , New Year period. ✓ ✓	2 RT with R/J Any logical reason. (2)
3.3	Service Fee: Amount deposited \times 0.01 = R2 250.50 \times 0.01 ✓ = R22.51 ✓	1 M 1 A (2)

3.4	3.4.1	<u>Total Debits:</u> ✓ R2 500 + R1 369.50 + R4 694.21 + R 203,52 = R8767,23 ✓	1 M 1 A (2)
	3.4.2	<u>Total Credits:</u> R3 450.00 + R1 850.00 + R1 950.50 + R985.00 + R2 156.50 ✓ = R10 392.00 ✓	1 M 1 A (2)
	3.4.3	Closing Balance: = Opening Balance + Total Credits – Total Debits 12576,12 + 10392 - 8767,23 ✓ = R 14200,89 ✓	(Carry forward answers of 3.4.1 and 3.4.2) 1 SF 1 CA (2)



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3.5	<p>I disagree with the statement. ✓ Nomonde has other expenses, for example Service Fees incurred. ✓✓</p>	<p>1 A disagree 2 R/J</p> <p>If answer is “agree”, no mark, but marks can be awarded to logical/appropriate reasoning.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3) [15]</p>
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QUESTION 4 [15]

Question	Solution	Explanation
4.1.1	<p>Length of the court = $10,2\text{m} \times 3$ ✓ $= 30,6\text{m}$ ✓</p> <p>Breath of the playing court = $16,2\text{m}$</p> <p>∴ Area of playing court = $l \times b$ $= 30,6\text{m} \times 16,2\text{m}$ ✓ $= 495,72\text{m}^2$ ✓</p> <p>Or</p> <p>∴ Area of a third of the court = $l \times b$ $= 10,2\text{m} \times 16,2\text{m}$ ✓ $= 165,24\text{m}^2$ ✓</p> <p>Full court = $165,24\text{m}^2 \times 3$ ✓ $= 495,72\text{m}^2$ ✓</p>	<p><u>Length of the court:</u> 1 MA + RT 1 A $30,6\text{m}$</p> <p><u>Area of playing court:</u> 1 SF 1 CA $495,72\text{m}^2$ No penalty for omitting the unit.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
4.1.2	<p>Paint coverage: $4\text{m}^2 = 1 \text{ litre}$ $\rightarrow 1\text{m}^2 = 1 \text{ litre} \div 4$ $= 0,25 \text{ litres}$ ✓</p> <p>∴ $495,72\text{m}^2$ $= 485,72 \times 0,25$ ✓ $= 123,93 \text{ litres}$ $= 124 \text{ full litres}$ ✓</p> <p>Or</p> $\begin{array}{r} 495,72 \\ \underline{\quad 4} \\ = 123,93 \\ = 124 \text{ litres} \end{array}$	<p>(Carry forward answer of 4.1.1) 1 C $0,25 \text{ litres}$</p> <p>1 M 1 A 124 litres - rounding up</p> <p>1 M Dividing by 4 1 A 1 A rounding up.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(3)</p>



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4.2	<p>Vertical lines = $4 \times 16,2 = 64,8 \text{ m} \checkmark$</p> <p>Horizontal lines = $2 \times 30,6 = 61,2 \text{ m} \checkmark$</p> <p>Semi circle $\times 2 = 2 \times 3,14 \times 5 = 31,4 \text{ m} \checkmark \checkmark$</p> <p>Circle = $2 \times 3,14 \times 0,45 = 2,826 \checkmark \checkmark$</p> <p>Total length of straight lines</p> <p>= $64,8 + 61,2 + 31,4 + 2,826 \checkmark$</p> <p>= $160,226 \text{ m} \checkmark$</p>	<p>6 M</p> <p>2 CA</p>	(8)
			[15]

QUESTION 5 [15]

Question	Solution	Explanation		
5.1	$\frac{10,2}{100} \times \frac{11904}{1}$ $= \frac{121420,80}{100} \checkmark$ $= 1\,214,208 \quad (\text{No fraction of a person})$ $= 1\,215 \text{ people} \checkmark$	<p>1 M</p> <p>1 MA</p> <p>Accept both 1 215 and 1 214</p>	(2)	
5.2	$= \frac{33}{100} \times \frac{11904}{1} = 3\,928,32$ $= 3\,928 \text{ people} \checkmark$ <p>Or</p> $= \frac{67}{100} \times \frac{11904}{1} = 7\,975,68$ $= 11\,904 - 7\,975,68$ $= 3\,928,32$ $= 3\,928 \text{ people} \checkmark$	<p>2 M</p> <p>1 CA</p> <p>Also accept 3 929</p>	(3)	
5.3	5.3.1	<p>Graph 2. \checkmark</p> <p>A : 17% \checkmark</p> <p>B : 56% \checkmark</p> <p>C : 27% \checkmark</p>	<p>1 R</p> <p>1 R</p> <p>1 R</p> <p>1 R</p>	(4)



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5.3.2	<p><u>Wanting to know:</u></p> $\frac{56}{100} \times \frac{1215}{1} \checkmark$ $= 680,4 \approx 680 \checkmark$ <p><u>Already know:</u></p> $\frac{17}{100} \times \frac{1215}{1} \checkmark$ $= 206,55 \approx 207 \checkmark$ <p><u>Don't want to know:</u></p> $\frac{27}{100} \times \frac{1215}{1} \checkmark$ $= 328,05 \approx 328 \checkmark$	<p>1 M 1 A/R</p> <p>1 M 1 A/R</p> <p>1 M 1 A/R</p> <p style="text-align: right;">(6) [15]</p>
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TOTAL: 100

